



R. A. KUVADIA & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2022, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Reporting of key audit matters as per SA 701, Key Audit Matters are not applicable to the Company as it is an unlisted company.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Director's report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard on the even date.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system, in relation to the financial statements, in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with the Management, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in

the Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

1. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of change in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
According to information and explanations given to us, there no remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year.
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company did not have any pending litigations that will have an impact on its financial position in its financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts, which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding,

whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis- statement.

v. The Company has not paid /declared dividend during the current year and previous year.

For R. A. Kuvadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants

F.R No: 105487-W

M. No. 040087

R. A. Kuvadia

(Proprietor)

M. No: 040087

Place: Mumbai

Date: 27th May 2022

UDIN: 22040087AOVJKF8848

**“Annexure A” to the Independent Auditors’ Report of even date on the Financial Statements of
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited**

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading ‘Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement’ of our report of even date to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022:

- 1) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.

The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified in a phased manner. In accordance with this programme, certain fixed assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.

The company does not hold any immovable property as on the balance sheet date.

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.

- 2) The Company does not hold any physical inventories. Thus, paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of the security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- 3) The Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability partnerships or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iii) (a) to (f.) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

- 4) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Section 185 and 186. Therefore reporting under clause (iv) of the Order is not applicable.

- 5) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.

- 6) As informed to us, the maintenance of Cost Records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the company.

- 7) (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and service tax, Income-Tax and any other statutory

dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.

b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of Goods and service tax, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute.

- 8) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- 9) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under clause (ix)(a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 10) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term Loans. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

- 11) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, considering the principles of materiality outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.

According to the information and explanations given to us, the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, have filed no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act.

We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

- 12) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 13) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013.
- 15) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

- 16) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clauses 3(xvi)(a) and 3(xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CICs.
- 17) The Company has incurred cash loss of Rs. 18.684 ('000) in the current and cash loss of Rs. 17.424 ('000) immediately preceding financial year.
- 18) There has been resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and we have taken into consideration the issues, objections or concerns raised by the outgoing auditors..
- 19) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we give neither any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- 20) The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For R. A. Kuvadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants

F.R No: 105487-W

M No. 040087

R. A. Kuvadia

(Proprietor)

M No: 040087

Place: Mumbai

Date 27th May 2022

UDIN: 22040087AOVJKF8848

Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	3	3
Income tax assets (Net)	4	1	1
		4	4
Current assets			
Financial assets			
(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	58	83
		58	83
TOTAL ASSETS		62	87
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
(i) Equity Share capital	6	4,313	4,313
(ii) Other Equity	7	(4,272)	(4,254)
Equity attributable to owners of the company		41	59
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade payables	8	-	-
- Total outstanding dues to Micro and Small Enterprises		-	-
- Total outstanding dues to others		12	19
Other current liabilities	9	9	9
		21	28
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		62	87
Significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-22)

As Per our report of even date.

For R.A. Kuvadia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FBA: 01050187W

M. No. 040087

Rashmikant A. Kuvadia

(Proprietor)

Membership No. 040087

Place : Mumbai

Date : 27th May, 2022

UDIN: 22040087A0VJRF8848

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Director

Director

DIN NO: 00341068

DIN NO: 00607101



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited
Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31st March, 2022
(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended 31st March, 2022	Year Ended 31st March, 2021
Income			
Other Income	10	-	-
Total Income		-	-
Expenses			
Other Expenses	11	19	17
Total expenses		19	17
Profit before tax		(19)	(17)
Tax expenses:			
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred tax expense		-	-
Total Tax Expenses		-	-
Profit for the period		(19)	(17)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		(19)	(17)
Earnings per equity share			
Basic and Diluted [Nominal value of the shares ₹. 10 (March 31, 2021 : ₹. 10)]	16	(0.04)	(0.04)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-22)

As Per our report of even date.

For **R.A.Kuvadia & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

FRANCHISE NO. 105187 W

M. No. 040087

Rashmikant A. Kuvadia
 Proprietor

Membership No. 040087

Place : Mumbai

Date : 27th May, 2022

UDIN : 22040087A0VJKF8848

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

S. Patel
 Director

Neelkumar
 Director

DIN NO: 00341068

DIN NO: 00607101



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited
Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2022
 (All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year Ended 31st March, 2022	Year Ended 31st March, 2021
A Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Net Profit/(Loss) before Tax & Prior Period Items	(19)	(17)
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	(19)	(17)
Adjustment for:		
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables, Other Current and Non Current Liabilities and Provisions	(6)	10
Cash Generated from operations	(25)	(7)
Income Tax	-	-
Net Cash used in Operation	(25)	(7)
B Cash Flow from Investing Activities		
Net Cash from Investing Activities	-	-
C Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
Net Cash from Financing Activities	-	-
Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents	(25)	(7)
Opening Balance of Cash & Cash Equivalents	83	90
Closing Balance of Cash & Cash Equivalent	58	83

Notes:

Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard 7 (Ind AS -7) "Statement of Cash Flow"

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-22)

As Per our report of even date.

For **R. A. Kuvadia & Co.**
 Chartered Accountants
 F.R.N. 105487-W


Rashmikant A. Kuvadia
 Proprietor

Membership No. 040087
 Place : Mumbai
 Date : 27th May, 2022

UDIN: 22040087A0VJKF8848

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited


 Director

DIN NO: 00341068




 Director

DIN NO: 00607101

Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

a. Equity shares of ₹. 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning	4,31,275	4,313	4,31,275	4,313
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end	4,31,275	4,313	4,31,275	4,313

b. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus		Total
	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	
Balance at March 31, 2020	-	(4,236)	(4,236)
Profit for the year	-	(17)	(17)
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(17)	(17)
Balance at March 31, 2021	-	(4,254)	(4,254)
Profit for the year	-	(19)	(19)
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(19)	(19)
Balance at March 31, 2022	-	(4,272)	(4,272)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-22)

As Per our report of even date.

For R. Akuradia & Co.
Chartered Accountants



Rashmit K. K. Kuvadia
Proprietor
Membership No. 040087
Place: Mumbai
Date : 27th May, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Director

DIN NO: 00341068



Director

DIN NO: 00607101

ARROW SECURE TECHNOLOGY PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

1 Company Information

The Company is mainly in business of trade in all types of security products /security equipments.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

A Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS):

- a) These Financial Statements (hereinafter referred to as 'Financial Statements') of the Company, have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act and accounting principles generally accepted in India. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 27th May 2022

Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the Company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest thousand, except otherwise indicated.

Basis of measurement

These Financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known/ materialise. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are included in the accounting policies.

- Useful lives of property, plant, equipment and intangibles (Refer note 3)
- Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of provisions and contingencies (Refer note E & F)

B Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

- i) Sale of goods: Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. Sales are net of value added taxes, excise duty and GST.
- ii) Dividend income is accounted for when the right to receive the income is established. Interest income is recognised on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.
- iii) Insurance and other claims, where quantum of accruals cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty, are accounted on acceptance basis.

C Property, Plant and Equipment, Depreciation and Impairment:

i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of Property, Plant and Equipment includes taxes, duties, freight, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and other incidental expenses incurred in relation to their acquisition/ bringing the assets for their intended use.

Subsequent expenditures related to an item of Property, Plant and Equipment are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.



ARROW SECURE TECHNOLOGY PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of plant, property and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment as recognized in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as the deemed cost as at the transition date pursuant to the exemption under Ind AS 101.

ii) Depreciation:

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment has been provided on written down value basis and manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

D Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

E Provisions

A provision is recognised when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

F Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

G Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Balance Sheet includes cash on hand, cheques on hand, cash at bank, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalent includes cash on hand, cheques on hand, cash at bank, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and overdrawn bank balance.

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payment and item of income and expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated

H Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement



ARROW SECURE TECHNOLOGY PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

Subsequent measurement

i) Financial assets amortised at cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held with in a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at fair value through profit and loss. For trade payables and other liabilities maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Derecognition of financial instruments

Financial asset is derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or is transferred and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments such as investments, at fair value at each Balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- a) in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- b) in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities



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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

I Current–non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months
- d) after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- d) equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

J Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

The income tax expense or credit for the period is tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by change in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax comprises of expected tax payable or receivable on taxable income/loss for the year or any adjustment or receivable in respect of previous year. Management periodically evaluates position taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax charge or credit and corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are measured using the tax rates and laws enacted / substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty, except for carried forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation which is recognized based on virtual certainty, supported by convincing evidence that the assets will be realized in future against future taxable profits.

Carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and are appropriately adjusted to reflect the amount that is reasonably or virtually certain to be realised against future taxable income.



ARROW SECURE TECHNOLOGY PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as current tax. The company recognizes MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the company recognizes MAT credit as an asset in accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Credit Available in respect of Minimum Alternative Tax under the Income-tax Act, 1961, the said asset is created by way of credit to the Statement of Profit and Loss and shown as "MAT Credit Entitlement." The company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent the company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

K Operating cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Note No. 3

Particulars	Gross carrying amount			Accumulated depreciation / amortisation			Net Block		
	As At 1st April 2021	Additions during the year	Deductions / Retirement during the year	As At 31st March 2022	As At 1st April 2021	Charge for the Year	Deduction / Adjustment during the year	As At 31st March 2022	As At 31st March 2021
A Property, Plant & Equipment									
Office Equipment	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1
Computer	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1
Total (A)	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	3

Particulars	Gross carrying amount			Accumulated depreciation / amortisation			Net Block		
	As At 1st April 2020	Additions during the year	Deductions / Retirement during the year	As At 31st March 2021	As At 1st April 2020	Charge for the Year	Deduction / Adjustment during the year	As At 31st March 2021	As At 31st March 2020
Property, Plant & Equipment									
Office Equipment	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1
Computer	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1
Total (A)	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022
(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Note 4		
Income tax assets (Net)		
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision for Tax 31st March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31st March 2021 ₹ Nil)	1	1
	1	1
Note 5		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Balance with banks		
On Current Accounts	56	81
Cash on Hand	2	2
	58	83



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022
(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Note no. 6 :

a) Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Share Capital				
Authorised share capital				
Equity shares of ₹. 10 each	9,00,000	9,000	9,00,000	9,000
	9,00,000	9,000	9,00,000	9,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up :				
Equity shares of ₹. 10 each fully paid	4,31,275	4,313	4,31,275	4,313
	4,31,275	4,313	4,31,275	4,313

b) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	4,31,275	4,313	4,31,275	4,313
Add:	-	-	-	-
Less:	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	4,31,275	4,313	4,31,275	4,313

c) Terms /Rights attached to Equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹. 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

d) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% equity shares and promoters shareholding

Name of Share holder	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Arrow Greentech Limited	4,31,175	99.99%	4,31,175	99.99%
Total	4,31,175	99.99%	4,31,175	99.99%



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Note 7		
Other Equity		
Profit & Loss account	(4,254)	(4,236)
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year	(19)	(17)
	(4,272)	(4,254)
Note 8		
Trade Payables		
- Total outstanding dues to Micro and Small Enterprises (Refer Note 13)	-	-
- Total outstanding dues to others (Refer Note 19 for ageing analysis)	12	19
	12	19
Note 9		
Other current liabilities		
Provision for expenses	9	9
	9	9



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year Ended 31st March, 2022	Year Ended 31st March, 2021
Note 10		
Other income		
Interest Income	-	-
	-	-
Note 11		
Other Expenses		
Legal & Professional Charges	7	7
Payment to Auditors (refer note no. 17)	9	9
Miscellaneous Expenses	2	1
	19	17



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

- 12 Balances of Sundry Debtors, Sundry Creditors, Deposits, Loans and Advances are subjected to reconciliation and confirmation, necessary adjustment if required, will be made after reconciliation. The management does not expect any material difference affecting the current year's financial statements.
- 13 The Company does not possess information as to which of its suppliers are covered under micro, small and medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006. However, the company is regular in making payment to its suppliers and has not received any claim in respect of interest for delayed payment.
- 14 Based on the guiding principles given in Ind AS 108 - "Operating segments", the Company is primarily engaged in the business of Trading of Security Products. As the Company's business activity falls within a single primary business segment, the disclosure requirements of Ind AS-108 in this regard are not applicable.
- 15 **Related party disclosures**
Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year:

Sr.	Name of Related Party	Relationship
1	Arrow Convertors Private Limited	Entities with Significant Influence
2	Shilpan Patel	Key Managerial Personnel
3	Rishil Patel	

There was no transaction with Related Parties during the year

16 Earnings Per Share :

Calculation of basic and diluted EPS is as follows:

Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to Owners of the Company	(18.64)	(17.42)
Weighted average number of equity shares	4,31,275	4,31,275
Earning per Share Basic / Diluted (Rs.) (On Nominal Value of Rs. 10/- per Share)	(0.04)	(0.04)

17 Payment to Auditors

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	31st March, 2021
Audit Fees	9	9
Taxation and Other Matters	-	-
Total	9	9



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

18 Ratio Analysis

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	31st March, 2021	% Variation	Reason for variation
Current Ratio	2.72	3.00	-9%	Refer note 2
Debt Equity Ratio				Refer note 4
Debt Service Coverage Ratio				Refer note 4
Return on Equity Ratio	-37%	-26%	46%	Refer note 1
Inventory Turnover Ratio				Refer note 3
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio				Refer note 3
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio				Refer note 3
Net Capital Turnover Ratio				Refer note 3
Net Profit Ratio				Refer note 3
Return on Equity Employed	-46%	-29%	56%	Refer note 1
Return on Investment				Refer note 5

Reason for variation

1. Loss is in line with PY but Net worth, Capital Employed decreased in comparison to previous year
2. Not applicable as the variation is < 25%
3. These ratios are not applicable/measurable as company doesn't have turnover.
4. These ratios are not applicable/measurable as company doesn't have borrowing
5. This ratios is not applicabl/measurable as company doesn't have investments in financial assets viz mutual funds, fixed deposit etc.

Numerators and Denominators considered for the aforesaid ratios:

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service *	Debt Service **
Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity
Inventory turnover ratio	Sales	Average Inventory
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Revenue from Operation	Average Accounts Receivable
Trade payables turnover ratio	Adjusted Expenses	Average Trade Payables
Net capital turnover ratio	Sales	Working Capital
Net profit ratio	Net Profit	Net Sales/Income
Return on Capital employed	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed ***
Return on investment	Return from Investment (Interest, Dividend, Gain/Loss)	Investments

* Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations +

** Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments

*** Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

19 Ageing Analysis of Trade Payables

As at March 31, 2022	Less than			More than	
	1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	3 Years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Other	11	1	-	-	12
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	11	1	-	-	12

As at March 31, 2021	Less than			More than	
	1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	3 Years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Other	10	9	-	-	19
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	10	9	-	-	19



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

20 Financial Instruments - Accounting Classifications and Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced of liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Fair value of cash and cash equivalent, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent, trade receivables, trade payables, other current financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

A	As at March 31, 2021	Amortised Cost	Carrying value		Total	Fair value		
			FVTPL	FVTOCI		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Current Financial assets								
	Cash and cash equivalents	83	-	-	83	-	-	-
	Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		83	-	-	83	-	-	-
	Total	83	-	-	83	-	-	-
Financial liabilities:								
	Trade payables	19	-	-	19	-	-	-
	Other financial liabilities	9	-	-	9	-	-	-
	Total	28	-	-	28	-	-	-

B	As at March 31, 2022	Amortised Cost	Carrying value		Total	Fair value		
			FVTPL	FVTOCI		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Current Financial assets								
	Cash and cash equivalents	58	-	-	58	-	-	-
	Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		58	-	-	58	-	-	-
	Total	58	-	-	58	-	-	-
Financial liabilities:								
	Trade payables	12	-	-	12	-	-	-
	Other financial liabilities	9	-	-	9	-	-	-
	Total	21	-	-	21	-	-	-

During the reporting period ending 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021, there was no transfer between level 2 and level 3 fair value measurements.



Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in thousand unless otherwise stated)

21 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

- (i) The Company does not have any benami property held in its name. No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year.
- (iii) The Company has not come across any transaction occurred with struck-off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (iv) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender or government or any government authority.
- (v) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction of charges which is yet to be registered with the Registrar of the Companies beyond the statutory period.
- (vi) Utilization of borrowed funds and share premium :
 - (I) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
 - (II) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
- (vii) There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as search or survey), that has not been recorded in the books of account.

- 22 Comparative previous year's figures have been reworked, regrouped and reclassified to the extent possible, wherever necessary to confirm to current year's classification and presentation

As per our Report fo even date.

For R. A. Kuvadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants

PR No: 105487-W
M. No: 040087

Rashant A. Kuvadia
Proprietor
Membership No. 040087
Place: Mumbai
Date : 27th May, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited

Director

Director

DINNO: 00341068

DINNO: 00607101



UDIN: 22040087ADVJKF8848